

Ficus racemosa (Cluster Fig)

Large buttressed tree, often deciduous, usually on watercourses. Sap milky. Leaves alternate, to 20cm long, petiole 1 to 5cm long. Unisex flowers are enclosed in the fig. A small opening provides access, usually to one specific species of wasp, in which the female lays her eggs. Newly hatched wasps typically pollinate the figs as they travel to different fruit upon dispersal. Reddish, spherical fruit to 35mm, on stems along branches and trunk.



Type:	Tree to 15+m
Aspect:	Shade
Soil:	Moist, well-drained
Habitat:	Riverine/Riparian Forest

Special features:

- Attracts –
 - Birds
 - Butterflies
- Bush Tucker Plant
- Bush Medicine