Macadamia integrifolia (Macadamia Nut)

Vulnerable tree of drier rainforests. Stiff leaves in whorls of 3, or opposite, to 18cm, margins toothless on adult plants, irregularly toothed on juveniles. Sweet-smelling white flowers on spikes to 15cm, winter to spring followed by edible nuts to 3.5cm in summer. Macadamia has the distinction of being the only Australian native plant to be grown as a major commercial food crop.



Type: Tree to 10+m
Aspect: Full Sun

Soil: Well-drained Habitat: Dry Sclerophyll

Special features:

- Attracts
 - Bees
 - Birds
- Bush Tucker
- Fragrant Flowers
- Mild Frost Tolerant